

Editor's Comment:

The presented manuscript addresses a highly relevant and urgent problem in child neuropsychiatry. By examining the biological, psychological and social factors of childhood tic disorders (CTD), it provides a comprehensive analysis of their multifactorial etiology. CTD is refractory and prone to relapse. When it occurs, tic movements in children are easily noticeable, which has a detrimental effect on their learning, socialization, physical and mental development. It can also increase stress and economic burden on family members. Often, CTD is accompanied by various comorbidities such as attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, obsessive-compulsive disorder, epilepsy, cervical spine injury and sleep disorders, which can easily lead to alcoholism, drug addiction, crime and death. This work is important for deepening the understanding of tic disorders, offering a basis for further research and informing both clinical practice and preventive strategies. I believe it is ready for publication because it is scientifically sound and presents well-founded arguments, and the use of modern references enhances its credibility.

Editor's Details:

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